NUMB. VII.

THE

PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

[SEPTEMBER 9, 1786.

Price SIX-PENCE.] SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1786. [VOL. I.

PURSUANT to the acts of general aſſembly of the ſtate of Pennſylvania, requiring the commiſſioners of the reſpective counties to put to ſale (after due notice given by way of advertiſements in the townſhips and county where ſuch lands lie and in the public newſpapers for three months) all ſuch tracts of land and real eſtates where the owners have neglected to diſcharge the taxes on the ſame: therefore, we, the ſubſcribers, commiſſioners for the county of Weſtmoreland, in purſuance of the ſaid acts, do give this public notice to all owners of ſuch lands or other real eſtates, that if they, or ſome perſon in their behalf, do not appear and diſcharge the taxes hereafter mentioned, with all coſts and charges within three months from the date hereof, they will be ſold, or ſo much as will be ſufficient to pay the ſeveral taxes and coſts agreeable to law.

WILLIAM MOORE,)
JOHN NESBITT,)com'rs
JAMES LAWSON.)

ARMSTRONG TOWNSHIP.

	1785. £	S.	D.	1786. £	S.	D.
EPHRAIM Armſtrong,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Armſtrong, genl.				1	4	1½
William John Annis,				0	18	2
James Alexander,				0	18	2
William Alliſon,				0	18	2
Richard Andrews,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Frederick Allen,				1	3	9
Harmar Allen,				1	3	9
William Armſtrong	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Altman,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Anderſon,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Aſhmead,				0	18	2
Benjamin Armſtrong,				0	18	2
James Armſtrong,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Benjamin Armſtrong,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Brand,				0	18	2
James Brown,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Brown,				0	18	2
John Baldwin,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Bealer,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Brown,				0	18	2
James Bringhurſt,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Biddle,				0	18	2
John Brown,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Bracken,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Davis Baſaith,				0	18	2
Henry Bartley,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Bringhurſt,				0	18	2
John Bringhurſt,				0	11	10
Andrew Bunner,				0	18	2
William Bracken,	0	13	6	0	18	3 1-2
Lewis Buſh,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Beaty,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Andrew Boggs,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Hudſon Burr,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Bringhurſt,	0	4	6	0	11	10½
James Bringhurſt,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Ball,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Burnſide,				1	3	9
Joſeph Boden,					11	10½
Alexander Barr,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Rachel or Richard Bradford,				1	3	9
Samuel F. Bradford,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Thomas Bradford,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Thomas W. Bradford	0	18	0	1	3	9
Philip Blackſton,				0	18	2
William Bradford, ſen.	0	18	0	1	3	9
Thomas Bradford, jun.	0	18	0	1	3	9
Thomas Bird,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Thomas Bond,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Clemons Biddle,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Benjamin Bird,				1	3	9
Elizabeth Brown,				1	3	9
John Biddle,					18	2
James Burnſide,					18	2
John Brand,				0	18	2
David Beverage,					18	2
Robert Bridges,					18	2
Samuel Boyle,					18	2
Rebecca Brown,					18	2
William Brown,					18	2
William Brown,					18	2
John Brant,					18	2
John Brown,					18	2
William Bedford,					18	2
Andrew Burkhart,					18	2
Thomas Barley,					18	2
Jame Brumfield,				0	2	10½
Elijah Brown,				0	18	2
John Fals				0	18	2
Anderſon and Brooky,	0	4	6		16	8 1-4
Elizabeth Bradford	0	18	2			

	1785. £	S.	D.	1736. £	S.	D.
Benjamin Barnard,	0	18	0	1	3	9
John Biddle,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Benjamin Billerton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Brownhurſt,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Bringhurſt,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Preſly Brookey,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Baker,				1	3	9
Joſeph Butler,	0	13	6	0	18	2
David Cummins,	0	5	8	0	13	0
James Carnahan				0	13	4½
Adam Carnahan				1	0	10 1-4
John Chain				0	11	11½
John Coyle	0	18	0	1	3	9
Joſhua Collins,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Peter Creſis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſhua Coates,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Craig,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Peter Creſs,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Canby,	0	13	6	0	18	2
George Climer,				0	18	2
Lambert Chadwallader	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Chadwallader,	0	5	6	0	18	2
George Climer,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Cooper,				1	3	9
Charles Campbell,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Craig,				1	3	9
George Campbell,	0	4	6	0	12	3
William Cox, jun.	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Cuffman,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Moſes Cummins,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Edward Calley,	0	4	6	0	5	11½
Mary Cahill,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Campbell,				1	6	8½
William Cummins,				0	11	10½
James Cooper,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Carr,				0	18	2
William Craig,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Chadwallader				0	18	2
William Clifton,				0	18	2
John Crookſhanks,				0	18	2
Samuel Coates,				0	18	2
James Cannon,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Caldwell,				0	18	2
William Cox,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Cox,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Cummins,				0	18	2
Michael Campbell,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jacob Criſman,				0	4	0
Thomas Chadwallader,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Daniel Cahill,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Cotter,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Calbreath,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Clark,	0	3	10	0	8	0
William Davis, heirs,				0	5	11 1-2
Joſeph Dean,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Ephraim Davis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Dellwyn,				0	18	2
George Dilhorn,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Mathew Dill,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Abraham Dight,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Dixon,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Alexander Delaſs,				1	3	9
Steward Delais,	0	18	0	1	3	9
James Dunnas,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Henry Duffield.	0	13	6	0	18	2
Sharp Delany,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Arthur Donaldſon,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Elias Daviſon,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Benjamin Davis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Deeling,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Cephra Devos,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Benedict Dorſey,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Daniel Drinker,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Dardas,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Stephen Duncan,		13	6	0	18	2
Dobbs Dougherty,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Mathew Dill,				0	18	2
Peter Dethong,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Dennis Dougherry,				0	18	2
Thomas Derrick,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Robert Douglaſs,				0	18	2
John Demarcus,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Benjamin Davis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Dixon,	0	13	6	0	18	2
David Dunning,	0	3	10	0	8	0
Jacob Eyemode,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Barbara Elliot,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Elliot				0	18	11
John Ewin (Pedler)	0	13	6	0	18	2
Caleb Emblem,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Emblem,	0	13	6			
William Ewin,						
William Eſq						
William						

	1785. £	S.	D.	1786. £	S.	D.
Ezekiel Edwards,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Eaton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Abraham Fulton,				0	5	11 1
Thomas Forreſt,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Finlay,				0	18	2
John Finley,				0	18	2
John Fetzer,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Fiſher,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Fiſtle.	0	18	9	0	18	2
Miars Fiſher,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Frederick Foulk,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Fullerton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Fullerton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Fulton,	0	9	0	0	11	10
Humphry Fullerton,	0	9	0	0	18	2
David Fullerton,				0	11	10
John Fox,				0	18	2
William Forbes,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Finley,				0	11	10
Jeremiah Finley,	0	9	0	0	11	10
Samuel Finley,				0	11	10
Samuel Fiſher,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Joſeph Fiſher,	0	18	0	1	3	9
James Franks,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Joſeph Fowett,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Fields,				0	18	2
Fullerton William,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Mary Finkins,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Sebaſtian Fiſher,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Iſaais Francis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Iſaiah Francis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Gray,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Robert Gibbs,				0	18	2
Franc s Gaſpertantelever,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Caleb Gough,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Gibſon,	0	4	6	0	12	3
Thomas Grier,				0	5	11
Hannah Gregory,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Glentworth,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Gray,				0	18	2
George Glentworth,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Iſaac Gray.				0	18	2
John Grant,	0	18	0	1	3	9
William Gray,				0	18	2
Mary Graham,				0	18	2
John Gills,				0	18	2
James Gall,	0	13	6	0	18	6
Charles Grubb,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Gilbert,				0	18	2
BaltzerGoale,	0	4	6	0	5	11
Anthony Groves,	0	13	6	0	18	2
George Glentworth,				0	18	2
John Hatchinſon,				0	8	11
John Hopkins,	0	5	8	0	2	11 1
John Hafelwood,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Henry,	0	5	8	0	2	11 1
Henry Horn,				1	1	8 1
William Hamilton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Michael Huffnagle, ſuppoſed to be John M'Crady,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Benjamin Harbiſon,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Robert Lettis Hooper, jun.	0	13	6	0	18	2
Henry Hill,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Lewis Hammer,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſiah Hughes,				0	18	2
Peter Howard,				0	18	2
Robert Hogg,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Hill,				0	18	2
George Hamlyn,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joſeph Hutchinſon,				0	11	10 1
Simon Harmon,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Ezekiel Harry,	0	18	0	1	3	9
James Hunter,				1	3	9
Alexander Hunter,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Benjamin Hoſkins,					18	2
George Henry,	0	13	6			
Joshua Hampſon,					18	
Eliz. Beth Hutton,	0	18	0			
Jacob Hartman,	0	13	6			
Henry Horn,		13	6			
Hugh Henry.	0	9	0			
Thomas Hart					18	2
John Hutton	0	13	6		18	
Daniel King						
Thoms						
Will						

	1785. £.	S.	D.	1786. £.	S.	D.
John Hart,	0	9	0	0	18	2
John Hart,				0	18	2
Robert Lettis Hooper,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William King,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Elizabeth Hunting,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Mathew Harrow,	0	18	0	1	3	9
James Hunter,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Ezekiel Hunter,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Benjamin Hogan,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Alexander Hunter,	0	12	0	0	18	0
John Hasewood,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Simon Harmon,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Hunter,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Benjamin Hogin,	0	13	6	1	3	9
Joseph Hyde,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Henry Horn,	0	10	0	0	15	0
Joseph Howard,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Elijah Jones,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Richard James,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Jacobs,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Robert Irwin,				0	18	2
John Irwin,				0	11	10½
Isaac Jones,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Ann Jameson,				0	18	2
Isaac Jones,	0	13	6	0	18	2
George Ischuster,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Francis Jones,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Daniel Joy,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Mathew Irwin,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Jackson,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel James,				1	3	9
William Irwin,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Isaac Jones,				0	18	2
Mary Jenkins,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Griffith Jones,				0	18	2
James Jones,				0	18	2
Armstrong Jamison,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Knowles,				0	18	2
Robert Knox,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Knox,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William King,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Michael Klinglesmith,				0	7	5
John Klinglesmith,				0	7	5
William Kelly,				0	11	10½
George Kechmle,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jacob Klene,				0	18	2
William Ker,				0	18	2
John Knight,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joshua Knight,				0	18	2
George Kipler,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jacob Kiln,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Louzley,				0	18	2
Stephen Lowry,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Jeremiah Lemmon,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Perfion Lemmon,	0	18	0	1	3	9
John Lockey,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Philip Lockey,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Nathaniel Lewis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Jacoby Leonard,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Levring,				0	18	2
Anthony Leecher,	0	4	6	0	18	2
John Leverzey,	0	4	6	0	18	2
John Letcher,				0	8	2
John Laff,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Ezekiel Leonard,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Elias Lewis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Henry Lisle,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Robert Lewis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Latta,				0	18	2
Hugh Lowe,				0	18	2
John Lewis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Lewis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Christopher Leignitz,				0	18	2
Michael Leveret,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Levingston, jun,				0	18	2
Alexander Leonard,	1	10	0	0	18	2
William Liker	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jacob Landig,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jacob Lewis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Levingston, jun.	0	13	6	0	18	2
Hugh Lowe,	0	13	6	0	18	0
Thomas Miller,	0	13	6	0	18	0
William Miller,	0	13	6	0	18	2
David Malchar,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Malchar,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph M'Alister,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Isaac Mathews,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Robert Miller,	0	13	6	0	18	2
George M'Cartney,	0	3	10	0	6	8
John M'Mahon,				0	18	2
Robert Mitchell,				0	2	11 1-4
John Mitchell,				0	2	11 1-4
Donald M,Cann,				0	2	11 1-4
Thomas Murray				0	11	10 1-2
Thomas Morris,				0	11	10
Thomas Mifflin,				0	18	0 1-4
Charles Massey,					0	8
Samuel Massey,						
James M'Gwire,						
Archibald M'[illegible]						

	1785. £.	S.	D.	1786. £.	S.	D.
James Mullen,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Richard M'Callister,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Morrel,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Isaac Morton,	0	13	6	0	13	2
George Morgan,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Mercer,				1	3	9
Robert M'Knight,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Joseph Mather,	0	13	6	0	18	2
George Meeds,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Isaac Melchar,				0	18	2
Joshua Moore,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Charles Moore,				0	18	2
Samuel Preston Moore,				0	18	2
John M'Crea,	0	9	0	0	11	10½
Israel Morris,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Meredith,				0	18	2
John Morton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Mifflin,	0	13	6	0	13	2
John Mifflin,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Marriot,	0	13	6	0	13	2
John Montgomery, esquire,	3	0	0	2	7	4
John Mifflin,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Alexander M'Callister,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Miller,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Bartholomew Mather,	0	13	6	0	13	2
John M'Kinsey,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Charles M'Gwire,	0	13	6	0	8	11
Alexander M'Caslin,				0	18	2
James M'Connel,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Charles Massey,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Mathew Morris,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Robert M'Gimsey,				0	18	2
John Mullen,				0	18	2
Christian Miller,				0	18	2
Samuel Moorhead,	0	5	6	0	8	11
Thomas Mears,				0	18	2
James M'Ginnis,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Alexander M'Curdy,				0	4	3
William Miller,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Mercer,				0	18	2
John Montgomery, esquire,				0	18	2
Jacob Naringer,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jonathan Nesbitt,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Norris,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Catherine Nichols,	0	5	6	0	14	6
William Francis Nicholas,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Martha Nicholas,	0	18	0	1	3	9
John Nicholas	0	18	0	1	3	9
Thomas Neil,	0	13	6	1	3	9
Peter Nelleton,	0	18	0	1	3	9
John Nagle,	0	13	6	1	1	10
Malchias Neff,	0	13	6	1	1	10
Peter Nowland,	0	13	6	1	1	10
John Norris,	0	18	0	1	3	9
William Nicholas,	0	18	0	1	3	9
William Noale,	0	13	6	1	1	10
Thomas Neal,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Peter Neninger,				0	18	2
Thomas Price,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Order,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Peter Osburn,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Patterson,				0	18	2
Gasper Priley,				0	12	11½
Joseph Pemberton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Proprietors Penns,	15	0	0	29	13	9
John Plankenhorn,				0	18	2
Mary Paine,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jacob Plankenhorn,	0	13	6	1	1	0
Charles Price,	0	13	6	0	19	11
Ann Parks,	0	13	6	0	13	2
William Pusey,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Elizabeth Paine,				0	18	2
John Paul,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Stephen Porter,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Charles Porter,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Andrew Porter,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jonathan Paul,	0	13	6	0	18	2
George Pomroy,				0	18	2
Jacob Paul,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Robert Porter,	0	11	4	0	14	10½
Isaac Parsons,	0	13	6	0	18	2
George Painter,	0	2	4	0	18	2
Elizabeth Porter,				0	11	10½
Robert Porter,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Stephen Porter,				0	11	10½
Richard Porter,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Porter,				0	18	2
Robert Porter,				0	18	2
John Paul,				0	18	2
Andrew Porter,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Pretismore,				0	11	10
Caleb Perry,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Patterson,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Parker,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jonathan Porter,				0	18	2
James Reynolds,				0	8	10 1-2
James Ramsay,	0	15	0	1	3	9
Jolly Rogers,				0	8	10 1-2
Peter Reeves,				0	18	2
Daniel Ryster,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Robins,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Reed,	0	13	6	0	13	2
Ross,			6	0	18	2
				0	18	2
						1-2

	1785. £.	S.	D.	1786. £.	S.	D.
John Roberts,				0	18	
John Righter,	0	13	6	0	8	10 1-2
James Pennix,				0	18	2
James Rogers,	0	13	6	0	8	10 1-2
Joseph Redman, sen.	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Redman, jun.	0	13	6	0	18	2
Doctor John Redman,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Mordecai Roberts,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Ramsey,				0	6	10
William Ruff,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Richards,	0	13	6	0	18	2
George Ritler,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Rippeth, jun.	0	11	4	0	11	10 1-2
George Ritter,	0	13	6	0	18	
John Riddicks, heirs,	0	5	6	0	2	10 1-2
William Raley,	0	9	0	0	11	10 1-2
Hugh Ramfay,	0	3	8	6	6	0
John Robiton,	0	5	6	0	8	2
Joseph Saunders,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Schank,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Daniel Sidons,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Spear,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Isaac Snoden,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Sutton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Swift, jun.	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Swift,				0	18	2
Margaret Swift,				0	18	2
Ephraim Steel,	0	9	0	0	11	11
John Smith,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Abigail Smith,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Simpson,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Smith, (revd.)	0	13	6	0	18	2
Ditto, ditto,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Stout,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Shields,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Benjamin Showrs,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Jonathan Serjeant,	0	13	6	0	13	2
Abraham Shoemaker,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Satter,				0	18	2
Abigail Sericant,				0	18	2
Thomas Shields,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Shields,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Shippen,	0	13	6	1	3	9
John Smith,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Abigail Sarjeant	0	18	0	1	3	9
Jacob Shallus,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Charles Stults,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Obediah Smith				0	11	10 1-2
George Snider,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Mathew Strope,				0	18	2
John Sheridan,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Francis Shaffner,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Sloan,	0	9	0	0	13	2
Andrew Spreul,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Smith,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Obediah Smith,	0	9	0	0	13	0
Edward Streaker,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Christopher Smith,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Smith,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Henry Straw,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Stephenson,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Story,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Sloen,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Steel, rev.	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Sykes,				0	18	2
John Salter,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Christopher Sygnets,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Charles Smith,				0	18	2
Michael Soweret,				1	2	0
David Shields,				0	18	2
John Smith,				0	9	4
James Steward,				0	18	2
Adam Smith,				0	3	9
William Steward,				0	18	2
William Thompson.				0	9	1
James Thompson,				0	11	7 3-4
David Thompson,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Peter Thompson, sen.				1	3	9
Peter Thompson, jun.				1	3	9
Joseph Thompson,				1	3	9
Isaac Thompson,	0	18	0	1	3	9
John Thompson,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Uriah Thompson,				1	3	9
Vincent Thompson,	0	18	0	1	3	9
Philip Twiner,				1	3	9
John Thompson,	0	4	10	0	5	11 1-2
Godfrey Tweels,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Thompson,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Trimble,				0	11	10 1-2
George Thompson,						
Robert Taylor,						
John Todd,						
Robert Todd,	0	13	6			
Philip Turner,	0	13	6			
John Tait,						
William Todd,	0	13	6			
Uriah Thomas,	0	13	6			
Thomas Taylor,	0	18	0			
John Thompson,	0	13	6			
Hugh Taylor,						
John Vanderen,	0	5	6			
Charles Vanderen,	0	13	6			
John Vanderen,	0	13	6			
James Wilson,	0	13	6			
Thomas Wharton,						
David Williamson,	0	13	6			
Joseph Williams,	0	13	6			

	1785. £	S.	D.	1786. £.	S.	D
Gasper Wisp,				0	11	10½
Joshua Wallis,		0	18	1	3	9
George Woods	0	13	6	1	3	0
Isaac Wharton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Samuel Wetherill,	0	13	6	0	18	2
William Whisler,				0	18	2
George Walker,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Henry Wilson,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Wilson,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Millerent Wade,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Daniel Wray,	0	4	6	0	5	11
Benjamin Wyncoop	0	13	6	0	18	2
Hugh Wiley,	0	13	6	0	18	2
David Walker,				0	18	2
John Wilson, pedlar,				0	18	2
Eliah or Elizabeth Weed,	0	13	6	0	18	2
James Wallis,				0	18	2
James Whitehill,				0	18	2
John Watson,				0	18	2
Mathew Wiley's old place,	0	5	6	0	5	11
Margaret Watson,				0	13	3
James Waddle	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Williams,	0	13	6	0	18	2
David Williamson,	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Willing,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Richard Wells,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Joseph Wallis	0	13	6	0	18	2
John Wigton,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Hugh Wilson,	0	3	10	0	6	8
Jonathan Zane, jun,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas York,	0	13	6	0	18	2
Thomas Hammond,	0	13	6			
Thomas Morris,	0	9	0			
Thomas Morris,	0	13	6			
George Smith,	0	13	6			
Jonathan Thompson,	0	18	0			
James White,	0	13	6			
North District of Hempfield township-						
Jacob Beck,				0	16	6
William Leaty,				0	15	10
William Leaty,				1	0	1
James Campbell,	6	19	6	0	11	6
Charles Campbell,				0	14	2
Joseph Clark,				1	2	4
Thomas Campbell,				0	15	9
James Campbell, jun.				0	16	6
William Campbell,				0	12	2
James Campbell, sen.				0	11	
James Cannon,				1	3	
John Climer,				0	14	10
Samuel Coates,				0	17	10
Barbara Coughman,				0	11	8
Widow Cooper,	0	5	6			
Elias Davison,	8	4	2	2	18	11
David Dickey,				0	11	8
John or James Dunlap,	0	11	0	0	14	1
William Duffield,	0	16	6	0	11	8
Dutch Doctor,	0	7	4	0	8	8
Benjamin Davis,				0	11	8
Widow Donolly,				0	13	11
Benjamin Ermitage,				1	1	11
John Evans,				0	1	11
Joel Evans,				0	17	10
Elizabeth Edwards,				0	16	11
James Fither,				0	16	2
David Frame,				1	3	1
William Forbus,				0	14	7
William Fither,				0	14	6
Humphry Fullerton,	0	16	6	0	16	11
Robert Forbus,				0	16	11
David Finay,	0	3	8			
Caleb Graeen,				0	14	8
William Gray,				0	10	4
Elizabeth Graham,				0	12	9
Mary Graddy,				0	14	7
William Gaff,				0	12	5
John Gwinn,	0	4	10	0	5	0
William Clugston,	0	6	2			
George Gray				0	13	3
William Graham, (excise)	0	14	8	0	14	1
James Hunter,				1	4	7
John Hays,				0	3	5
Michael Huffnagle,	1	13	0			
Josiah Hughes				0	19	6
Levy Hollingsworth,				0	18	5
Andrew Hickenlover,	0	14	8			
George Henry,				0	9	5
David Jamison,				1	6	1
James Johnston,				0	14	3
William Jenkin,				1	1	3
William Jenkins,	5	4	0	0	14	11
William Jenkins,				0	15	4
William Jenkins,				0	9	11
James Kelly,				0	6	5
John King,				0	16	11
William Kinley,				0	16	2
Andrew Learner,				0	9	5
Mordecai Lewis,				0	17	8
William Guthrie,	0	13	8			
Benjamin Laird,				0	16	11
Robert M'Crea,				0	12	5
Joseph M'Garraugh,	0	11	0			
Hugh Means,				0	16	4
Joseph M'Kinney,	2	9	2			
Charles M'Clure,				0	17	3
John M'Connel,	0	4	8			

	1785. £.	S.	D.	1786. £.	S.	D.
John Montgomery,	7	13	2	3	5	8
Samuel M'Cutchen,				0	14	1
Alexander M'Cutchen,				0	10	6
David M'Kee,				1	19	5
Samuel M'Collough,	0	5	8	0	9	5
William Norton,				0	18	7
Frederick Phile,				1	1	7
Henry Pollon,	0	16	6	1	4	11
William Porter,				1	0	7
Andrew Porter,	0	13	10	0	14	5
Samuel Porter,				0	19	2
Philip Pancake,				0	18	0
Sarah Powell,				0	12	0
John Pawlins,	0	14	8	0	15	6
David Parkhill,				0	8	5
William Rankin,				0	12	9
Peter Revee,				0	13	6
George Ross,				0	12	7
William Riddle,				0	15	0
Robert Robertson,	0	4	10			
James Serat,				1	1	11
David Sample,	0	16	6	0	9	5
John Shaw,				0	10	4
John Saddle,				0	18	2
Joseph Swift,				0	10	11
David Sample,				0	14	1
Colonel Shrihawk,	0	18	4			
Samuel Sloan,	1	2	0	0	14	1
Nicholas Tagerty,	0	3	6			
Christian Swarts,				0	7	6
Swifts Land,	5	17	6			
John Tice,				0	5	3
Joseph Thompson,	0	11	0	0	14	5
John Taylor,				0	12	0
John Todd,				0	14	1
Joseph Wiley,	0	7	4	0	9	4
Thomas Wharton,				0	11	7
Isaac Wharton,				0	11	11
Charles Wharton,				1	0	7
Thomas Wallace,				0	7	6
Geoge Woods,	2	0	0	0	16	11
Thomas Woods				0	16	11
Samuel Wallace,	0	11	0			
William Waddle,				1	8	2
John Woolfast,	0	16	8	0	10	8
Ephraim Wallace,	0	11	0	0	9	5
John Wiley,	0	7	4	0	7	6
James Young,				0	16	3
Colonel Young,	3	5	6			
SOUTH of HEMPFIELD TOWNSHIP.						
Humphrey Fullerton,	0	4	0			
Aaron Baggs,				1	3	1
Robert Smith,	0	6	1			
Ephraim Blain,	1	2	4	3	10	8
William M'Kee,				0	15	0
Mathew Miller,				0	15	2
William Deel,				0	15	2
William Graham,				0	18	11
William Jenkins, (heirs)	1	10	3	1	15	6
John Boyd, heirs	0	14	5			
DONEGAL TOWNSHIP.						
Jacob Alexander,				0	7	9
Charles Brookens,	0	15	0	1	4	4
James Bogle,	0	12	6	0	11	8
James Bamford,	1	5	0			
John Brown,				0	5	6
Stephen Bays,				0	2	0
Abraham Brant,				0	1	2
Barny Bindle,				0	1	8
Tricker Burkhart,				0	6	10
Thomas Campbell,				0	10	4
William Carns,				0	1	7
James Davis,				0	7	8
Doctor Ewing,				2	8	3
William Ewing,				0	7	8
Alexander Ewing,				0	7	9
James Guffy,				0	10	3
George Henry,	1	5	0	0	10	0
David Kilgore,				0	4	7
John Levingston,	0	7	6	0	4	9
Allen Leaper,	0	3	0	0	2	3
George Ludwick,				0	9	5
Edward Lynch,				1	1	5
William Lata,	0	2	0			
Mary Moore,	0	4	0	0	2	5
M'Knab and Christy,	0	18	0	0	10	0
William Martin,	0	7	6	0	2	3
Robert M'Guffick,	0	9	0	0	3	4
William M'Dowell,				0	3	7
Nuffinger,				0	2	0
Daniel Proffer,				0	4	7
John Porter,				0	9	2
Henry Richmond,				0	7	8
Ezekiel Roddy,				0	6	10
Arthur St. Clair, genl.	1	0	0	1	1	0
Ditto, ditto,				1	1	1
Steally,				0	1	11
Samuel Todd,				0	6	10
John Wilkins,	0	16	0	0	7	8
Samuel Shannon,	0	18	10			
PITT TOWNSHIP.						
Edward Armstrong,				0	19	3
John Bar,				1	4	8
Ephraim Blain,	0	6	10	0	13	10
Alexander Blain,				2	9	2
Brotherington:				0	2	2

	1785. £.	S.	D.	1786. £.	S.
Barnard Gratz,	1	8	2	2	9
Henry Hays,				1	6
Henry Heath,				0	8
William Hannah,				0	11
Robert Johnston,				1	6
Mathew Jack,				1	4
William Jenkins,				2	9
Daniel M'Clintock,	0	8	2	1	4
James Maise,				0	17
Robert M'Crea, (surveyor)				1	4
William Minor,				1	4
John Moore,				0	8
John or James Pollock, Porter, (Philad.)	0	10	10	0	16
				1	4
John Penn, (late propri.)	24	2	10	21	4
Rudy Stotler,				1	4
Jacob Stotler,				1	4
William Smith, Revd.	1	1	11	0	16
Shield, (silversmith Phil.)	1	1	10	1	12
George Thompson,	1	1	10	0	16
James Wilson & Co.	1	12	10	4	2
John Woods,	0	15	10	1	12
Charles Wilson,				2	1
DERRY TOWNSHIP.					
William Arderson,	0	13	10		
Jacob Biars,	1	7	2		
Robert Bell,	0	7	8		
James English,	0	14	0		
Henry Girts,	0	2	6		
Ephraim Latta,	0	4	10		
Garrard Paterson,	0	4	0		
Robert Allison,	0	16	2	0	4
Joshua Elder,				0	10
Mary Fails,	0	5	0	0	9
James Clark,				1	7
John Cooper,				0	3
Williams Curry,	0	2	6	0	10
James Campbell,				1	1
James Gallahar,				0	6
William Berrihill,	0	10	0	1	1
Edward Kelly,				0	10
John Patterson,				0	18
Jeremiah Lockrey,				0	8
James Rutsel,	0	2	8	0	4
John Smith, Revd.				1	1
Charles Tagerty,				0	7
Michael Miller,	0	4	10	0	2
MOUNT PLEASANT TOWNSHIP.					
Ephraim Blain,				2	0
John Bryny,				0	13
Jacob Brinker,				0	15
Elias Davidson,	1	11	1	1	14
Charles Ford				0	15
William Graham, (excise)				1	19
William Jenkins,				0	7
Sarah Moorhead,				0	13
James Pinkes,				0	13
Simon Eker,	0	17	6		
FAIRFIELD TOWNSHIP.					
James Biggam	0	13	2	0	11
William Barr,	0	18	8	0	13
Thomas Buchannon,	0	18	8	0	13
John Cummins,	0	16	8	0	15
William Cox,	0	6	0	0	3
William Essex,	0	7	6	0	3
Philip Freeman,	0	7	0	0	5
Guyer George Henry,	0	19	7	0	14
John Hart,	0	7	6	0	5
Henry Hartman,	0	7	6	0	10
Samuel Henderson,	0	6	0	0	5
Robert Hanna,	0	19	11	0	13
John Hanna,	0	12	6	0	11
Abralom Hendricks,	0	6	0		
George Knox,	0	11	3	0	8
Latimores place,	0	7	6		
William Lemon,	0	13	6	0	13
Daniel M'Donald,	0	11	3		
M'Dougles land,	0	5	0	0	4
Widow M'Mullen,	0	8	7	0	11
Thomas Mills,	0	7	0	0	9
Rimer's place,	0	16	9		
Nathan Sellars,	0	6	0	0	5
Andrew Sharp,	0	7	7	0	8
David Tait,	1	8	9	1	16
George Woods,	0	15	0	0	15
Thomas Woods,	0	12	6	0	6
SOUTH of HUNTINGTON TOWNSHIP.					
Thomas Johnston,				0	12
John Porter				1	3
Michael Laver,				0	11
ROSTRAVER TOWNSHIP.					
Barnard Gratts,	0	7	4	1	2
John Moore	0	6	3	0	13
Dorsy Penticost,	0	9	9		10
North of [illegible]					
John Cardoe				0	11
John Carson,				0	14
Dills (heirs)					7
Barnard Gratts,					1
James Hay,					
[illegible]wood,					
John Irwin for [illegible]'s heirs,					
Alexander M'Nair,					
John M'Keans,					
James M'Garg[illegible]		5			
John [illegible]					

merican Intelligence.

PHILADELPHIA, August 24.

ay laſt arrived here in 45 days from Cork, Tamany, captain Savage, who informs, veſſels have lately been ſeized there, for ſome of their new laws of trade, among the brig ——, captain Bull, from Hartford, who arrived at Cork the 2d of July, and ſeized under preſence of her having rum on board in ſmaller caſe than was allowed by law; the ſhip Liberty, captain Devees, from ——, for having, as is ſaid, ſold part of a hogſhead of tobacco on the coaſt to ſome pretended fiſhermen: and the brig Queen of France, captain Sheffield, from Rhode-Iſland, which was condemned and ſold.

By the above accounts, we ſee the ſame game is playing in Ireland as in the Weſt Indies, and on the moſt frivolous pretences——American property is ſeized and condemned in every port where Britain has the leaſt authority. How long will America tamely ſubmit to the impoſitions of Britain and her rafcally cuſtom houſe officers——perhaps when our merchants are ruined and our trade extinct, we ſhall then give power to Congreſs, and call upon them, when too late, for the *lex talionis*.

Pittſburgh, September 9.

PROCEEDINGS of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Auguſt 23d, 3 *o'Clock*, P. M.

Houſe met, and 51 members being preſent, the ſpeaker informed them that they were a quorum.

Letters were read from two members ſtating, that the ſituation of their families precluded them from attending at preſent.

The clerk then read over the unfiniſhed buſineſs;

Whereupon, Mr. Smiley remarked, that being barely a quorum, they would not proceed to any buſineſs of importance: he alſo preſented a petition; when Mr. Lollar moved, that as it was cuſtomary a committee ſhould be appointed to inform the council that the houſe was met, and ready to receive any buſineſs they might have to lay before them:

For which purpoſe Mr. Evans and himſelf were appointed.

The houſe then adjourned until To-morrow three o'clock.

To the ELECTORS of WESTMORELAND COUNTY.

GENTLEMEN,

THE time of electing perſons to repreſent you in the aſſembly of the ſtate being near, I have been led to reflect a little on the ſubject. You would wiſh them no doubt to attend to the general intereſts of the commonwealth; but there are local intereſts of this Weſtern Country to which it is neceſſary that a particular attention be paid. Next April is the time limited within which we are to take out patents for our lands. That time muſt be extended. Such is the ſcarcity of money in the country, that few will be able to take out patents before that period.

We entertain the hope that even this ſeſſion a law will be enacted enabling us to patent on the applications of 1769, and on the old warrants, by certificates, as is done now on the new warrants. But if that point ſhould not be gained this ſeſſion, it ought to be ſtrongly urged at every ſeſſion until it is gained.

It may be recollected, that in the year 1780, when commiſſioners were appointed from the ſtate of Virginia, to ſettle the claims of unpatented lands, a proclamation iſſued from the council of Pennſylvania, forbidding all the citizens of this ſtate to bring their claims before theſe commiſſioners. A law has been enacted confirming the conditions of the agreement with Virginia, by virtue of which, the certificates of theſe commiſſioners are equal to the office rights from the ſtate of Pennſylvania, ſo that one of theſe certificates being prior to a late warrant will exclude it. In this caſe the citizens of Pennſylvania are injured, and the commonwealth is bound in equity to make them a compenſation of lands elſewhere, or by ſome other means, for this damage. There are numbers in this ſituation who have it in view to addreſs themſelves to the legiſlature.

Some check ought to be given to the taking out warrants for lands ſettled by others. The evil has indeed ſo long prevailed that the greateſt part of the miſchief has been done that can be done. Nevertheleſs it may ſtill ſave a number of induſtrious perſons from deſtruction to enact a law prohibiting for a limited time all perſons to lay warrants on the improved farms of others. This ought to have been done at the late opening of the office, and why it was not done I cannot tell. Our repreſentatives certainly could not have been inattentive to this object. Perhaps they laboured, but were not able to accompliſh it. The endeavours ought to be continued from one ſeſſion to another, until it is ſucceſsful.

It is the intereſt of the public that titles to real property ſhould be ſettled, and I believe in general that office rights ſhould prevail. Nevertheleſs there are ſpecial caſes where great iniquity is done, unleſs ſettlement can be given in evidence before the courts of juſtice. It is therefore in my opinion expedient that a law be enacted enabling the judges to receive ſuch teſtimony.

I conceive it to be a public good to this country that the town of Pittſburgh be encouraged, that it be made a borough, that it have a ſeat of juſtice, that it have a ſchool endowed in it.

But there is a point of ſtill greater moment which intereſts us at preſent. It is ſaid the court of Spain has lately made a propoſition to the ſtates of America, to give them a free trade to all the Spaniſh ports in our own bottoms, on this condition, that we relinquiſh all right of a trade by the Miſſiſippi for the ſpace of 25 years. It becomes the repreſentatives of this Weſtern Country to remonſtrate in the ſtrongeſt terms in the aſſembly of the ſtate againſt ſuch agreement, that Pennſylvania may inſtruct her repreſentatives in the Congreſs to oppoſe it.

It is natural for thoſe who have an object at heart to be diſpoſed to put a hand to accompliſh it. From this cauſe it has happened that the writer of theſe thoughts has reflected with himſelf what it would be in his power to do in this ſpecial criſis.

He thinks it may be convenient for him to ſerve during the enſuing year as a repreſentative in the aſſembly, and as he reſides in Weſtmoreland would offer himſelf for that county. As attention to the buſineſs of his profeſſion renders it inconvenient for him to take the time to converſe perſonally with individuals on this ſubject, or to write to any to inform them of his being thus diſpoſed to offer himſelf; he takes a mode not uſual, viz. to ſignify it in the Gazette. It became neceſſary for him by ſome means to give this notice, as he has heretofore ſaid to thoſe who did him the honor to mention him as one who might be of ſervice in the aſſembly at this time, that he did not then conceive that he could make it convenient. If after this declaration it ſhould ſo happen that he is not elected, there is no harm done, he will be perfectly ſatisfied.

H. H. BRACKENRIDGE.

Pittſburgh, Sept. 7, 1786.

September 5, 1786

By the *JOCKY CLUB.*

PITTSBURGH Races will commence on Thurſday the 19th day of October next, when a Purſe of One Hundred and Twenty Dollars will be run for, free for any Horſe Mare or Gelding, carrying weight for age (that is, a Horſe of ſeven years old to carry ten ſtone, with a deduction of ſeven pounds weight for each year he or they ſhall be younger.) Three mile heats, entrance Five Dollars.

On Friday the 20th, will be run for, a Purſe of Sixty Dollars, free for any Horſe, Mare or Gelding, (the Horſe having won the Purſe the preceding day excepted) two mile heats, an aged Horſe to carry nine ſtone with the deduction as above. Entrance Three Dollars.

On Saturday the 21ſt will be run for, a Sweepſtake, compoſed of the entrance money, free for any Horſe, Mare or Gelding (the Horſes having won the Purſes, excepted) one mile heats, catching Riders. Three Horſes to ſtart for each Purſe or no Race. Horſes to ſtart for Purſes to be entered with the judges the day preceding the Race, or pay Double Entrance. The Horſes to ſtart preciſely at one of the Clock each day. No Jocky will be permitted to ride unleſs he has ſome genteel Jocky Habit.

Weſtmoreland County, Mount-Pleaſant Township, Auguſt 23d, 1786.

THERE was a letter directed to us, the ſubſcribers, lodged at the houſe of Mr. Stephen Martin, tavern-keeper, at the ſign of the ſhip in Lancaſter, which letter was delivered about ten or twelve weeks ago by ſaid Martin to an unknow gentleman, who ſaid he was a reſidenter in this country, within ten miles of Macklin's mill, who promiſed, upon his veracity, to deliver ſaid letter to us, or ſend it to Macklin's mill immediately on his arrival, as yet we have not received ſaid letter Any perſon that has it now in poſſeſſion, will oblige the ſubſcribers by forwarding it to them.

WM. FREID & JOHN GROF.

N. B. They will be able in a ſhort time to furniſh their cuſtomers with good whiſkey, cordial, gin and cherry-bounce on the moſt reaſonable terms for Caſh or Fur.

BY virtue of ſundry writs of venditioni exponas to me directed, will be expoſed to ſale at public vendue, on Wedneſday the 11th of October next, at the place where the Courts of Quarter Seſſions and Common Pleas for the county of Weſtmoreland will then be held, the following Tracts or Parcels of Land, viz.

One tract ſituate and lying in Pitt townſhip, in the county aforeſaid, adjoining lands of Michael Rugh, David Crutchlar, and others. Taken in execution as the property of Patrick Cain.

One tract ſituate and lying in Mount Pleaſant townſhip, adjoining lands of David Sample, Eſq; George Swan and others. Taken in execution as the property of John Roſs.

One Houſe and Lot ſituate and lying on the north ſide of Fourth-ſtreet, in the town of Pittſburgh, marked in the general plan of the ſaid town No. 351. Taken in execution as the property of John Bradly.

One tract ſituate and lying in Donegal townſhip, and Ligonier Valley. Taken in execution as the property of doctor John Peters.

One tract ſituate and lying in Ligonier Valley, near Boughar's mill. Taken in execution as the property of George Bachelor.

One tract ſituate and lying in Pitt townſhip, adjoining lands of John Burns and others. Taken in execution as the property of Michael Dem.

One tract ſituate and lying in Huntington townſhip, known by the name of Port-Royal Town. Taken in execution as the property of John Emerſon,

One tract ſituate and lying in Pitt townſhip, on the middle branch of Turtle creek, adjoining lands of Peter Long and Joſeph Shippen, eſq. Taken in execution as the property of Joſeph Irwin.

One tract ſituate in the northern diſtrict of Hempfield townſhip, adjoining lands of James Hamilton, eſq; John Irwin and others. Taken in execution as the property of John Culbertſon.

One hundred and twenty-five acres of woodland ſituate and lying on the bank of Youghagany river, oppoſite Port Royal town. Taken in execution as the property of John Emerſon.

One tract ſituate and lying on the Long Run, in Huntington townſhip, adjoining lands of Joſeph Thompſon, Adam Rebeem and others. Taken in execution as the property of John Kyle.

One tract ſituate in Armſtrong townſhip, the place known by the name of Bracken's mill.

One tract ſituate and lying in Pitt townſhip, adjoining lands of William Elliot, John Jerrie and others. Taken in execution as the property of Robert Machan, deceaſed, and all to be ſold by me,

ROBERT ORR, Sheriff.

Thirty Shillings Reward.

STOLEN from the Indian Camp on the bank of the Alleghany, oppoſite this place, a Roan Horſe alſo an other Horſe and a Mare, branded on the left ſhoulder with M. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſes and mare, ſhall receive the above reward by applying to JOHN MONTURE, in Pittſburgh.

To FREE and INDEPENDENT ELECTORS of of the County of Weſtmoreland.

THE ſubſcriber intends offering himſelf a candidat for the Sheriff's Office the enſuing Election; he therefore ſolicits the Votes and Intereſt of the Electors of the ſaid County, and his endeavours ſhall not be wanting to merit their favor.

SAMUEL SAMPLE.

Pittſburgh, Auguſt 18, 1786.

Fifteen Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY on the ſixth inſtant from the ſubſcriber an Iriſh ſervant, named Charles Jordan, o years of age, five feet ſix or eight inches high, ſhort, black hair, round face, knock-kneed, large flat feet, has an old ſore on the ſole of one foot; took with him a ſtraw hat, an old blue coat, linen hunting ſhirt, three coarſe ſhirts, pair coarſe trowſers, pair buckſkin plush breeches, pair worſted ſtockings, a pair of coarſe ſhoes; whoever ſecures ſaid ſervant ſo that the owner near the forks of Cheat may get him, ſhall be paid the above reward and reaſonable expences, by

JOHN WILSON.

Fayette county, Auguſt 12.

N. B. If taken out of this ſtate Thirty Dollars reward.

DANIEL BRITT & Co.

Have for Sale, a General Aſſortment of

MERCHANDIZE,

WHICH will be Sold on reaſonable Terms for Caſh, Flour, Whiſky, Beef, Pork, Bacon, Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Aſhes, Candlewick, Tallow, &c. &c.

Pittſburgh, July 28.

PITTSBURGH: *Printed a* ... Advertiſements, &c. ... TISEMENTS not exceeding ... ſerted in proportion.

... by JOHN SCULL *and* JOSEPH HALL, *at their Printing-Office in Water-ſtreet, near the Ferry, where* Subſcriptions, (at ... per, *are thankfully received, and* PRINTING *in its differnt Branches is done with Care, Elegance, and Expedition.*—ADVE... e are Inſerted Three Weeks for a Dollar, and every continuance after one-fourth of a Dollar; thoſe exceeding a ſquare a

subject, a subject the most important, and of the highest magnitude to all the inhabitants of this western country. It is well known that there is at present an emulation amongst the states of Pennsylvania, Maryland and Virginia, which shall engross the greatest part of the trade of this western country, for this purpose rivers are clearing, rocks blowing, canals making, new roads laying out and clearing, at an enormous expence: and it is the interest and policy of the lower states to have your exports as well as your imports. They will tell you that you can carry your flour, your meat, your tobacco, and whatever you can raise for market to Cumberland, up the Alleghany waters, and from thence to some part in the eastern side of the Alleghany; or from Morgan's town to the head navigable waters of Potowmack, at a very easy expence, after the road are sufficiently cleared for waggons, and the water cleared for navigation, and purchase whatever you want with your produce. But it is evident to a demonstration that you can land your produce cheaper at New-Orleans than carry it to any port or market on the east side of the Alleghany mountains: and that you will receive a freight or tenth more there than you can expect at any port or market on the other side. You will also have your imports from the lower states, at any rate the greatest part of them, and will find that they ought to be encreased, and suffer you carry your exports to whatever market you think most advantageous to your self. At this important crisis fortune lucky, if you only make the proper use of the opportunity, that the crisis of action is not far distant. As the main object of your negotiations is your interest, and duty, to send both to the council and assembly gentlemen of the first abilities you can find; men of integrity and abilities, who can speak your sentiments, nor will either be afraid or ashamed to open their mouths in a public assembly men who can lay down their arguments in a clear and perspicuous manner, who will not suffer their brains to be fuddled, nor be induced to be stupified with a dinner of Spanish olives, or French sweet meats, or a supper of oysters and bottle of wine; and let them open their mouths wide, cry aloud, and spare not, that from the mouth of the Ohio to the head waters of the Mississippi will be profitable for encouraging any kind of article to be wrought or made (some only excepted) or the author of it be for that very purpose from that moment the fittest to enter with the secretary of legislation and congress for the privilege.

MONITOR.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 11, 1786.

Pittsburgh, September 16.

On the 18th Congress were employed to appoint general Richard Butler superintendant of Indian affairs for the northern department. All things seemed very little fixed, during late war, and how they are to be in a general treaty with the Indians, when he called a council of the commissioners, are well known, we have no doubt but he will endeavour to give further proofs of his attachment to the welfare of his country at this present juncture.

A letter from Louisville, dated August 16, 1786, mentions, "that an expedition was entirely given up by the inhabitants against the Indians; but that a small detachment from the government of Virginia, regardless of the mode of conducting it, had revived this enterprize—but that another one of two hundred men was under orders to set out about the 1st of September for to visit the Indians on their habitations."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Philadelphia to his friend in this place, dated Sept. 1, 1786.

"The people of this place having conceptions to the westward are much alarmed at a report of the Spaniards having made a treaty also Congress to stop the navigation of the Mississippi for twenty five years—from which it is said they will give a free trade to all the ports of Spain. We are informed the eastern states are for it but Virginia and some others are much against it. This stroke would ruin the back country: and, indeed, it is much to be doubted if here; but I hope it will be nicked in the bud."

Another material transaction is concluding at present between the court of Madrid and the United States: His Catholic majesty, on his part, intends that the navigation of the Mississippi may be guaranteed to him for a certain period: in lieu of which, it is proposed to open all the ports of Old Spain to American vessels, to treat us, with respect to duties, as the most favored nation: to allow our western planters the liberty of bringing tobacco to New-Orleans for sale, and to permit the exportation of it duty free from imposition or duty. The particulars of this important negotiation, it is expected will transpire in a few days, as our minister of foreign affairs, to whom the business was committed, has already given in his report to Congress.

**** Our next will contain, (besides the proceedings of the General Assembly, and other useful matter) An Account of the late Dr. HUGH MARTIN's Silver Powder, with brief Observations on Cancers, by BENJAMIN RUSH, M. D. &c. &c. Read in the American Philosophical Society at Philadelphia, April 1786.*

☞ *In the Press, and speedily will be published, an Oration to commemorate the Independence of the United States of North-America, delivered at the Reformed Calvinist Church, in Philadelphia, July 4th, 1786, and published at the request of the Pennsylvania Society of the Cincinnati. By Mr. for W. Jackson.*

Just opened and to be sold by the subscriber living on the back of the river, between Mr. David Duncan's and Mr. John Ormsby's.

A LARGE and general assortment of DRY and WET GOODS, which he will dispose of on the most reasonable terms for cash, country produce, or ginseng.

JOHN GIBSON.

Pittsburgh Sept. 16.

Philadelphia September 2, 1786.

HEATHLY M'CONNELL, at his second store on the east side of Second-street, between Market and Chesnut streets, seven doors below Black Horse alley, buys and sells the various kinds of Continental and State CERTIFICATES, different emissions of OLD PAPER MONEY and FACILITIES: also, HOUSES, LOTS and LANDS: receives applications for lending and borrowing MONEY, &c. And negotiates every kind of business, for the usual and customary commissions.

All applications and orders will be carefully executed whether to make purchases or sales pursuant to the landoffice, or to receive interest at the continental loan office or elsewhere.

Persons residing in any part of this or of the United States, may be duly served by written orders: have their business transacted with fidelity and dispatch.

The subscriber having declined all other business, will devote his whole time and attention to the duties of these offices, and pledges himself to do every thing in his power to render his office and services as useful as possible to all who may please to call upon him.

It is requested, that all orders for disposal of real estates, may be annexed to writing accurately (with authentic draughts of surveys) setting forth the description and terms, of which an entry will be made in a register book kept for that purpose.

CERTIFICATES for the LAND OFFICE

MAY be had of the subscriber, at his office in Dock-street between Fourth and Fifth streets, near the sign of the Black Horse, where persons having any to dispose of, will find a ready market for the same, or receive cash for in the land office, and transfer to the purchaser without any other charge than the fees of the different offices, by

THOMAS FORSTALL.

Who buys and sells all kinds of CERTIFICATES of the State or any of the United States.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2, 1786.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 16, 1786.

THE partnership of ANDREW MITCHELL and Co. was dissolved, by mutual consent, the second instant. All persons indebted to the said late, or book account, are hereby requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers, who are fully empowered for that purpose. And those having demands against said partnership are desired to apply for payment to

WILLIAM TILTON & CO.

Who have for sale, a variety of articles of DRY GOODS which will be disposed of on very low terms for cash or country produce, at the store lately occupied by said Andrew Mitchell & Co.

IN COUNCIL,

Philadelphia, August 30th, 1786.

A PETITION being presented to the board from James Robinson, presenting the great injury which he sustains from the operation of a resolution of council of the 2d of June last, in favor of colonel William Butler, and the said petition being accompanied by a certificate from a number of respectable inhabitants of Pittsburgh, in favor of the character of the said Robinson: Therefore Resolved, That the said resolution so far as it respects the improved land upon which the said Robinson resides be hereby rescinded and that the said Robinson be permitted to enjoy the said improvement with the privileges he has hitherto had, until otherwise directed by this board.

Extract from the minutes,

JAMES TRIMBLE,

for John Armstrong, jun. secretary

SECRETARY's OFFICE.

Philadelphia, August 31, 1786.

NOTICE is hereby given, That agreeably to the 16th section of an act of general assembly, entitled, "An act for directing the mode of distributing "the donation lands promised to the troops by the "commonwealth," return has been made to council of the draughts of lots laid down within the limits of the lands, and that it is now ordered, "That the drawing of the lottery for, and the patenting of the said "lots, shall commence on the 1st day of October "next; to be continued for one year from the 29th "instant."

JOHN ARMSTRONG, jun. secry.

The Subscribers purpose Opening a

PUBLIC HOUSE

In Pittsburgh, on the 15th of October next, in Water-street, two doors above Market-street.

IT may be necessary to inform those at a distance, who, travelling this way, may wish to be well accommodated: having the advantage of a convenient building with a number of apartments & separate lodging rooms, with proper furniture, it will be in our power to give satisfaction to those who may favor us with their company. We will endeavour at all times to be provided with the best liquors, and with good water, having a well in our yard, and not being under the necessity of sending for water at a distance. Our stable is good, and we shall be provided to take the best care of horses, well knowing this to be a point not less material to a traveller than the accommodation of himself.

Sept. 15, 1786. A. & J. TANNEHILL.

TO BE SOLD,

(For READY MONEY, only)

A Certain woman servant, she has near 3 years to serve, and is well qualified for all household work: would recommend her to her own country people, particularly as her present master has found great inconvenience from his not being acquainted with their manners, customs and language. For further particulars enquire at Mr. ORMSBY's in Pittsburgh.

A TRACT of LAND described as situate in Pitt town ship, and adjoining lands of William Elliot, &c. is said to be taken in execution as the property of Robert Machen, deceased: Notice is therefore given, that the said tract is the property of the devisees of George Croghan.

THOMAS SMALLMAN,)Exe-
WILLIAM POWELL.)cutors

Pittsburgh, Sept. 16.

BY virtue of sundry writs of vendition exponas to me directed, will be exposed to sale at public vendue, on Wednesday the 4th of October next, at the place where the Courts of Quarter Sessions and Common Pleas for the county of Westmoreland will then be held, the following Tracts or Parcels of Land, viz.

One tract situate and lying in Pitt township, in the county aforesaid, adjoining lands of Michael Rauh, David Crowther, and others. Taken in execution as the property of Patrick Cain.

One tract situate and lying in Mount Pleasant township, adjoining lands of David Semple, Esq. George Swan and others. Taken in execution as the property of John Scott.

One lot of ground and Lot situate and lying on the north side of Fourth-street, in the town of Pittsburgh, marked in the general plan of the said town No. 351. Taken in execution as the property of John Bradly.

One tract situate and lying in Donegal township, and Ligonier Valley. Taken in execution as the property of Conor John Peters.

One tract situate and lying in Ligonier Valley, near Donghan's mill. Taken in execution as the property of George Fatchelor.

One tract situate and lying in Pitt township, adjoining lands of John Dean and others. Taken in execution as the property of Michael Dem.

One tract situate and lying in Huntington township, known by the name of Port Royal Town. Taken in execution as the property of John Emerson,

One tract situate and lying in Pitt township, on the middle branch of Turtle creek, adjoining lands of Peter Long and Joseph Shippen, esq. Taken in execution as the property of Joseph Irwin.

One tract situate in the northern district of Hempfield township, adjoining lands of James Hamilton, esq. John Irwin and others. Taken in execution as the property of John Culbertson.

One hundred and twenty-five acres of woodland situate and lying on the bank of Youghiogany river, opposite Port Royal town. Taken in execution as the property of John Emerson.

One tract situate and lying on the Long Run, in Huntington township, adjoining lands of Joseph Thompson, Adam Rebeen and others. Taken in execution as the property of John Kyle.

One tract situate in Armstrong township, the place known by the name of Bracken's mill.

One tract situate and lying in Pitt township, adjoining lands of William Elliot, John Jerrie and others. Taken in execution as the property of Robert Machan, deceased, and all to be sold by me.

ROBERT ORR, Sheriff.

Pittsburgh, August 30, 1786.

THE subscriber wishes to inform the inhabitants on the Monongahela river and neighbourhood adjoining, that he is to pass up and down the said river from Pittsburgh to Gatling's Ferry, which is 35 miles by water, every week, with a boat: all persons on or near said river who have subscribed for the Pittsburgh Gazette, or may here for subscribe, can have their papers brought to them every week, at a more responsible rate than any other conveyance that will offer for the purpose.

JOHN ELAIR.

By the UNITED STATES in CONGRESS Assembled, August 7, 1786.

An ORDINANCE for the Regulation of INDIAN AFFAIRS.

WHEREAS the safety and tranquility of the frontiers of the United States, do in some measure depend on the maintaining a good correspondence between their citizens and the several nations of Indians in amity with them: And whereas the United States in Congress assembled, under the ninth of the articles of confederation and perpetual union, have the sole and exclusive right and power of regulating the trade, and managing all affairs with the Indians not members of any of the states; provided that the legislative right of any state, within its own limits, be not infringed or violated.

Be it ordained by the United States in Congress assembled, That from and after the passing of this ordinance, the Indian department be divided into two districts, viz. The southern, which shall comprehend within its limits, all the nations in the territory of the United States, who reside southward of the river Ohio; and the northern, which shall comprehend all the other Indian nations within the said territory, and westward of Hudson river: Provided that all councils, treaties, communications and official transactions, between the superintendant hereafter mentioned for the northern district, and the Indian nations, be held, transacted and done, at the out post occupied by the troops of the United States, in the said district.

That a superintendant be appointed for each of the said districts, who shall continue in office for 2 years, unless sooner removed by Congress, and shall reside within or as near the district for which he shall be so appointed, as may be convenient for the management of its concerns. The said superintendants shall attend to the execution of such regulations as Congress shall from time to time establish respecting Indian affairs.---- The superintendant for the northern district, shall have authority to appoint two deputies, to reside in such places as shall best facilitate the regulations of the Indian trade, and to remove them for misbehavior.

There shall be a communication of all matters relative to the business of the Indian department, kept up between the said superintendants, who shall regularly correspond with the secretary at war, through whom all communications respecting the Indian department, shall be made to Congress; and the superintendants are hereby directed to obey all instructions, which they shall from time to time receive from the said secretary at war. And whenever they shall have reason to suspect any tribe or tribes of Indians, of hostile intentions, they shall communicate the same to the executive of the state or states, whose territories are subject to the effects of such hostilities. All stores, provisions or other property, which Congress may think necessary for presents to the Indians, shall be in the custody and under the care of the said superintendants, who shall render an annual account of the expenditures of the same, to the board of treasury.

And be it further ordained, That none but citizens of the United States, shall be suffered to reside among the Indian nations, or be allowed to trade with any nation of Indians, within the territory of the United States. That no person, citizen or other, under the penalty of five hundred dollars, shall reside among or trade with any Indian or Indian nations, within the territory of the United States, without a licence for that purpose first obtained from the superintendant of the district or one of the deputies, who are hereby directed to give such licence to every person, who shall produce from the supreme executive of any state, a certificate under the seal of the state, that he is of good character and suitably qualified for that employment, for which licence he shall pay the sum of FIFTY DOLLARS to the said superintendant for the use of the United States. That no licence to trade with the Indians shall be in force for a longer term than one year; nor shall permits or passports be granted to any other persons than citizens of the United States to travel through the Indian nations, without their having previously made their business known to the superintendant of the district, and received his approbation. That previous to any person or persons obtaining a licence to trade as aforesaid, he or they shall give bond in three thousand dollars to the superintendant of the district, for the use of the United States, for his or their strict adherence to, and observance of such rules and regulations as Congress may from time to time establish for the government of the Indian trade. All sums to be received by the said superintendants, either for licences or fines, shall be annually accounted for by them with the board of treasury.

And be it further ordained, That the said superintendants, and the deputies, shall not be engaged, either directly or indirectly in trade with the Indians, on pain of forfeiting their offices; and each of the superintendants shall take the following oath, previous to his entering on the duties of his appointment.----

"I, A. B do swear, that I will well and faithfully serve the United States in the office of superintendant of Indian affairs for the district: That I will carefully attend to all such orders and instructions as I shall from time to time receive from the United States in Congress assembled, or the secretary at war: That I will not be concerned, either directly or indirectly in trade with the Indians, and that in all things belonging to my said office during my continuance therein: I will faithfully, justly and truly, according to the best of my skill and judgment, do equal or impartial justice, without fraud, favor or affection." And the superintendant for the northern district, shall administer to his deputies, the following oath, before they proceed on the duties of their office, "I, A. B. do swear, that I will well and faithfully serve the United States, in the office of deputy superintendant of Indian affairs in the northern district, and that I will carefully attend to all such orders and instructions as I shall from time to time receive from the United States in Congress assembled, the secretary at war, or the superintendant of the district aforesaid, and that in all things belonging to my said office, during my continuance therein, I will faithfully, justly and truly, according to the best of my skill and judgment, do equal and impartial justice, without fraud, favor or affection." And the said superintendants, deputy superintendants, shall each of them give bond with surety to the board of treasury, in trust for the United States; the superintendants each in the sum of six thousand dollars, and the deputy superintendants each in the sum of three thousand dollars, for the faithful discharge of the duties of their office.

And it is further ordained, That all fines and forfeitures which may be incurred by contravening this ordinance, shall be sued for and recovered before any court of record within the United States, the one moiety thereof to the use of him or them who may prosecute therefor, and the other moiety to the use of the United States. And the said superintendants shall have power, and hereby are authorised, by force to restrain therefrom, all persons who shall attempt an intercourse with the said Indians without a licence therefor obtained as aforesaid.

And be it further ordained, That in all cases where transactions with any nation or tribe of Indians shall become necessary to the purposes of this ordinance, which cannot be done without interfering with the legislative rights of a state, the superintendant in whose district the same shall happen, shall act in conjunction with the authority of such state. Done, &c.

WHEREAS by an act of general assembly of this state, passed September 25th, 1783, permission was given to the subscriber to erect a ferry upon the tract of land reserved for the use of the commonwealth opposite the town of Pittsburgh; and whereas it has been found by experience that the situation of the ground where the ferry is now erected is liable to overflow, and not by any means to answer the intentions of the legislature for the accommodation of the public; a representation of which to the supreme executive council of this state, and their resolution respecting the same, is as follows:

IN COUNCIL,
Philadelphia, June 24, 1786.

REPRESENTATION having been made that the lot of ground within the limits of the tract of land reserved for the use of the commonwealth and opposite the town of Pittsburgh, granted by act of assembly to William Butler, Esq; for the purposes of keeping a ferry, is from its situation liable to be overflowed, and otherwise rendered unfit for the purposes aforesaid.

Ordered, That indulgence be given to the said Butler to establish a landing place and ferry-house upon such other part of the said tract as will best promote the convenience of the public and the intention of the legislature declared in their act aforesaid.

Resolved, That the said Butler be further permitted to plough, sow, and otherwise cultivate such ground as have been fenced in, and hitherto occupied by James Boggs, deceased; and that in return for those advantages the said Butler shall come under obligation to prevent the commission of all kinds of waste of the timber growing and being upon the tract of land reserved for the use of the commonwealth as aforesaid.

In pursuance of the above order of council (security having already been given to council) notice is hereby given to all and every person and persons whatsoever, not to commit any kind of waste by cutting or falling timber of any kind whatsoever, upon the reserved tract of land aforesaid, or cutting up and carrying off the tract aforesaid, any walnut, cherrytree, or other timber already cut down or laying within the limits of the reserved tract aforesaid, or from erecting any house or building of any kind whatsoever, upon the tract of land aforesaid, as they shall answer at their peril for any such offence. WILLIAM BUTLER.

Pittsburgh, August 29, 1786.

AS there is a number of tracts of land lying in the county of Washington, and state of Pennsylvania, that remain unoccupied and without proper effects to be found thereon, from which the payment of the public taxes may be procured:

And whereas there are large arrearages of the taxes which have been heretofore affessed on unoccupied lands within this county, and still remains due and outstanding, to the great delay and disappointment of public measures, and unequal burthening of those who have paid their part and proportions of the taxes in due time.

Therefore, agreeable to law, the subscribers take this method to inform the owners of unoccupied lands, whether they hold it by deed, patent, warrant, location or improvement, that if they or some person in their behalf, shall not appear and pay unto Andrew Swearingen, treasurer, living in Washington, the full amount of the outstanding taxes rated and assessed on such lands, together with the additional charges thereon, before Monday the ninth day of October next: the commissioner shall then proceed to sell by public auction at the court house of said county to the highest bidder, the said waste lands, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to effect the payment of the said taxes, and the charges of procuring the same.

DENNIS LINDSLY,)
JAMES ALLISON,) com'rs.
Sept. 16. JAMES M'CREADY,)

Washington County, Sept. 16.

THE tract of 125 acres of woodland, situate and lying on the bank of Youghiogany river, opposite Port Royal town in Rostraver township, Westmoreland county, taken in execution as the property of John Emerson, and advertised in the Pittsburgh Gazette of the ninth instant, to be sold by the sheriff of said county on the 11th day of October next, is not, nor never was the property of the said Emerson, but is part of four hundred and two acres of land, bona fide, and many years the property of Samuel and Robert Purviance, merchants of the town of Baltimore, in the state of Maryland, of which all persons are desired to take notice. DORSEY PENTECOST.

Hanna's-town, July 13, 1786.

WHEREAS sundry tavern-keepers in Westmoreland county have neglected to apply for, and take out licence for the present and last year, but continue to sell without either licence or recommendation; such as are under those circumstances are desired to apply and take out their licence before next court, otherwise they will be deemed keeping tippling houses, and prosecuted accordingly.

MICHAEL HUFFNAGLE, clk.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 16, 1786.

WILLIAM HAWTING, watch and clock makers informs his friends and the public, that he makes, mends and sells all sorts of clocks and watches: those who please to favor him with their commands may depend on their business being carefully executed, by their humble servant,

WILLIAM HAWTING.

N. B. Country produce taken in payment.--An apprentice of genteel parents wanted to the above trade.

September 5, 1786

By the JOCKY CLUB.

PITTSBURGH Races will commence on Thursday the 19th day of October next, when a Purse of One Hundred and Twenty Dollars will be run for, free for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, carrying weight for age (that is, a Horse of seven years old to carry ten stone, with the addition of seven pounds weight for each year he or they shall be younger.) Three mile heats, entrance Five Dollars.

On Friday the 20th, will be run for, a Purse of Sixty Dollars, free for any Horse, Mare or Gelding, (the Horse having won the Purse the preceding day excepted) two mile heats, an aged Horse to carry nine stone with the addition as above. Entrance Three Dollars.

On Saturday the 21st will be run for, a Sweepstake, composed of the entrance money, free for any Horse, Mare or Gelding (the Horses having won the Purse excepted) one mile heats, catching Riders. Three Horses to start or each Purse or no Race. Horses to start for Purse to be entered with the judges the day preceding the race, or pay Double Entrance. The Horses to start precisely at one of the Clock each day. No Jocky will be permitted to ride unless he has some genteel Jocky Habit.

To the FREE and INDEPENDENT ELECTORS of the County of Westmoreland.

THE subscriber intends offering himself a candidate for the Sheriff's Office the ensuing Election; he therefore solicits the Votes and Interest of the Electors of the said County, and his endeavours shall not be wanting to merit their favor. SAMUEL SAMPLE.

PITTSBURGH: *Printed and Sold by* JOHN SCULL *and* JOSEPH HALL, *at their Printing-Office in Water-street, near the* ...y, *where* Subscriptions, (at ...s per ...am.) Advertisements, *&c. for this Paper, are thankfully received, and* PRINTING *in its different Branches is done with Care* ...legance, *and Expedition.*--ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a Square are Inserted Three Weeks for a Dollar, and every continuance after one-fourth o... Dollar; those exceeding a Square are Inserted in proportion.